



# NCLEX ARCHER PRIORITIZATION PRACTICE TEST

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**1. The nurse is caring for the following assigned clients. The nurse should initially follow-up on the client who**

- A) taking lithium that reports nausea and vomiting.
- B) refusing their prescribed quetiapine.
- C) reporting a headache following the first dose of citalopram.
- D) gets drowsy following a dose of alprazolam.

**Correct Answer: A**

**2. The nurse has received an assignment of four patients on the Medical-Surgical floor. Which patient should she/he check on first?**

- A) A 61-year-old male patient who is one day post-op from hernia repair with complaints of pain at the incision site.
- B) A 68-year-old female patient with type II diabetes who is complaining of stomach discomfort.
- C) A 72-year-old male patient with emphysema and a history of uncontrolled hypertension who is complaining of a headache.
- D) A 70-year-old female patient who is two days post-op from ankle surgery who complains of feeling some shortness of breath.

**Correct Answer: D**

**3. The patient has a history of chronic venous insufficiency, atrial fibrillation, and varicose veins. Upon assessment, the RN finds the patient to be afebrile with left calf edema, pain, and erythema that is warm to the touch. What is the RN's most urgent concern?**

- A) Deep vein thrombosis (DVT)
- B) Cellulitis
- C) Osteomyelitis
- D) Lymphedema

**Correct Answer: A**

**4. Your client is on complete bed rest for 7 days. Which of the following is the highest priority nursing diagnosis for this client?**

- A) At risk for severe sensory deprivation related to complete bed rest.
- B) At risk for venous stasis related to complete bed rest.
- C) At risk for decreased muscular strength related to complete bed rest.
- D) At risk for urinary stasis related to complete bed rest.

**Correct Answer: B**

**5. After administering an insulin injection to a patient on a sliding scale, the nurse realizes that a high dose was erroneously given. Which of the following would be the best response by the charge nurse to prevent future errors?**

- A) Discuss events preceding the error with the nurse
- B) Complete an incident report and place it in the patient's chart
- C) Inform the patient, family, and physician of error
- D) Monitor the patient for adverse effects

**Correct Answer: A**